Plumeless thistle

ASTERACEAE - Sunflower Family

Carduus acanthoides L.



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Common Name: Plumeless thistle

(spiny plumelessthistle)

Growth Form: Forb

Life Span: Biennial (or winter annual)

Origin: Eurasia

Flowering Dates: June-August

Reproduction: Seeds

Height: 0.3-1.5 m (1-4.9 ft, usually 3-4 ft)

Inflorescence: Heads (1.6-2.7 cm tall, 1-2 cm wide), solitary or in clusters of 2-5, terminating branches; involucre with several series of bracts; outer bracts (7-12 mm long) spiny, inner bracts (to 2 cm) spineless; peduncles spiny-winged (3-15 mm wide) up to the bases of the heads (which is a distinctive characteristic separating it from the similar musk thistle)

Flower: Purple, rarely white or yellow, disk florets (1.4-2 cm long)

Fruit: Achene, slightly obovate to oblong (2.5-3 mm long), somewhat quadrate, somewhat compressed, straw-colored to light brown, ribs 10; pappus of numerous, minutely barbellate bristles, forming a ring; seeds 1

Seed: Small

Leaves: Alternate; blades simple; stem blades decurrent, elliptic to lanceolate or oblong (10-20 cm long), irregularly and deeply pinnatifid with spinulose lobes, segments 1- to 4-pointed, marginal spines 1-6 mm long, surfaces pubescent, sessile; rosette leaves similar except less deeply pinnatifid and less hairy on upper surface

Stems: Erect, freely branching above, with spiny wings (3-15 mm wide), surfaces densely hairy to nearly hairless

Underground: Taproot, stout, fleshy

Where Found: Primarily in the east central Great Plains and scattered farther west. It grows in pastures, rangeland, and noncropped areas. (NE, SD, ND, KS, MN, IA, & MT)

Uses and Values: Plumeless thistle is an important plant for butterflies. Its seeds are eaten by numerous species of songbirds.

Poisoning: Plumeless thistle may accumulate nitrates, but it is unpalatable to livestock.

Other: Plumeless thistle is an aggressive weed and is similar to the closely related musk thistle (*Carduus nutans* L.). Plumeless thistle is a noxious weed in many states. It rarely flowers during its first year of growth.





Spiny-winged peduncles under the heads of plumeless thistle is a characteristic separating it from the similar musk thistle. Note: seedhead weevil egg mass on the bracts.

Plumeless thistle rosette (left) differs from musk thistle rosette (right) by having leaves that are deeply serrate to nearly the midrib.

